

"KILIMANJARO"

(White Cup)

Tsavo West – Amboseli - Tsavo East 4 days /3 nights



TSAVO WEST NATIONAL PARK

- "Land of Lava, Springs, Man-Eaters & Magical Sunsets"
- The park covers an area of 9,065 square kilometres. The A109 road Nairobi-Mombasa and a railway divides it from the adjoining Tsavo East National Park.
- From the sight of fifty million gallons of crystal clear water gushing out of from the under parched lava rock that is the Mzima Springs to the Shetani lava flows, Tsavo West is a beautiful, rugged wilderness.
- The savannah ecosystem comprises of open grasslands, scrublands, and Acacia woodlands, belts of riverine vegetation and rocky ridges including the Poacher's Lookout where visitors can see the teeming herds in the plains below.
- Tsavo West offers some of the most magnificent game viewing in the world and attractions include elephant, rhino, Hippos, lions, cheetah, leopards, Buffalos, diverse plant and bird species including the threatened corncrake and near threatened Basra Reed Warbler.

" Mount Kilimanjaro "



H. 06.00 Departure from the Coast in direction of Tsavo West National Park

Traveling along the "Mariakani" road that passes through typical African villages and a splendid palm grove. On the way we will stop for a coffee.

H. 13.00 Arrival at the Camp / Lodge – Accommodation and Lunch

The Tsavo West National Park is full of enchanting landscapes and lush vegetation, crossed by the ancient lava flows of the Shetani Volcano.

- H. 16.00 Game drive until sunset
- H. 18.30 Back to the Lodge / Camp
- H. 20.00 Dinner and overnight





MZIMA SPRINGS

Mzima Andei.

The source of the springs is a natural reservoir under the Chyulu Hills to the north. The Chyulu range is composed of volcanic lava rock and ash, which is too porous to allow rivers to flow. Instead, rain water percolates through the rock, and may spend 25 years underground before emerging 50 kilometres away at Mzima.

The natural filtration process gives rise to Mzima's famously clear stream, which flows through a series of pools and rapids. Two kilometres downstream from the springs, the stream is blocked by a solidified lava flowand disappears below the surface again. Mzima is one of the most famous natural attractions of Tsavo West thanks to the hippos and crocodiles of the Nile that live here in the spring pools.

Springs are a series of four natural springs in Tsavo National Park, Kenya. They are located in the west of the Park, around 48 km from Mtito

2 Day

- H. 06.30 Breakfast
- H. 07.00 Game drive and visit the natural spring of "Mzima Springs"
 Transfer to Amboseli National Park
- H. 13.00 Arrival at the Lodge / Camp Accommodation and Lunch
- H. 16.00 Game drive until sunset
- H. 18.30 Back to the Lodge / Camp
- H. 20.00 Dinner and overnight







MOUNT KILIMANJARO

Mount Kilimanjaro with its three volcanic cones, "Kibo", "Mawenzi", and "Shira", is a dormant volcano in Tanzania. It is the highest mountain in Africa, with its summit about 4,900 metres (16,100 ft) from its base, and 5,895 metres (19,341 ft) above sea level. The first people known to have reached the summit of the mountain were Hans Meyer and Ludwig Purtscheller, in 1889. The mountain is part of Kilimanjaro National Park and is a major climbing destination. The mountain has been the subject of many scientific studies because of its shrinking glaciers and disappearing ice fields.

Kilimanjaro is a large stratovolcano composed of three distinct volcanic cones: Kibo, the highest; Mawenzi at 5,149 metres (16,893 ft); and Shira, the lowest at 4,005 metres (13,140 ft). Mawenzi and Shira are extinct, while Kibo is dormant and could erupt again. Kibo is the largest cone on the mountain and is more than 24 km (15 mi) wide at the Saddle Plateau altitude. The last activity here, dated to 150,000–200,000 years ago, created the current Kibo summit crater. Kibo still has gasemitting fumaroles in its crater.

"Home of the African Elephant"

Crowned by Mount Kilimanjaro, Africa's highest peak, the Amboseli National Parks is one of Kenya's most popular parks. The name "Amboseli" comes from a Maasai word meaning "salty dust", and it is one of the best places in Africa to view large herds of elephants up close. Nature lovers can explore five different habitats here ranging from the dried-up bed of Lake Amboseli, wetlands with sulphur springs, the savannah and woodlands.

The park is famous for being the best place in the world to get close to freeranging elephants. Other attractions of the park include opportunities to meet Maasai and visit a Maasai village. The park also has views of Mount Kilimanjaro, the highest free-standing mountain in the world.

Amboseli National Park offers some of the best opportunities to see African wildlife because the vegetation is sparse due to the long, dry months. The protected area is home to African bush elephant, Cape buffalo, impala, lion, cheetah, spotted hyena, Masai giraffe and blue wildebeest. A host of large and small birds occur too.





3 Day

- H. 06.30 Breakfast
- H. 07.00 Game drive

Transfer to Tsavo East National Park

- H. 13.00 Arrival to the Lodge / Camp Accommodation and Lunch
- H. 16.00 Game drive until sunset
- H. 18.30 Back to the Lodge / Camp
- H. 20.00 Dinner and overnight





TSAVO EAST NATIONAL PARK

"Theatre of the Wild"

Tsavo East National Park is one of the oldest and largest parks in Kenya at 13,747 square kilometres. Situated in a semi-arid area previously known as the Taru Desert it opened in April 1948, and is located near the town of Voi in the Taita-Taveta County of the former Coast Province.

The park is divided into east and west sections by the A109 road and a railway. Named for the Tsavo River, which flows west to east through the national park, it borders the Chyulu Hills National Park,

The sight of dust-red elephant wallowing, rolling and spraying each other with the midnight blue waters of palm-shaded Galana River is one of the most evocative images in Africa. This, along with the 300 kilometres long Yatta Plateau, the longest lava flow in the world, make for an adventure unlike any other in the Tsavo East.

The park forms the largest protected area in Kenya and is home to most of the larger mammals, vast herds of dust –red elephant, Rhino, buffalo, lion, leopard, pods of hippo, crocodile, waterbucks, lesser Kudu, gerenuk and the prolific bird life features 500 recorded species.

H. 06.30 Breakfast

H. 07.00 Game drive before leaving the park and departure for the Coast where the arrival is expected after about 2 hours.

"What you've done becomes the judge of what you're going to do, especially in other people's minds. When you're traveling, you are what you are right there and then. People don't have your past to hold against you. No yesterdays on the road."

William Least Heat Moon





Included:

- -Transfer from / to your residence
- -Safari in Jeep Land cruiser
- -Driver /Certified Professional Guide (KPSGA)
- -Italian Certified Professional Guide (KPSGA)
- -Water in the jeep during the safari
- -Entrance fees to National Parks,
- -Three nights in Lodge / Camp in full board excluding drinks

Not included:

-Tips

- -Personal insurance
- -Drinks at the Lodge / Camp
- -Tips in lodges and camps, and drivers (recommended in camps and lodges if satisfied with the service and obligatory for the driver)

-Anything not specified in "included"

P.S. The cost of this program could change / increase prices due to the increase in entrance fees for national parks and Email: info@nuralisafarikenya.com reserves, government taxes and accommodation rates for the current year and / or changes in exchange rates. Tel +254 (0) 729785307

Confirmation of this safari is subject to the availability of selected Lodge / Camps at the time of booking.

Nurali Safaris Kenya proposes "Taylor Made" safaris, in order to satisfy everyone's needs.

In simple words "we work in ecotourism".

We will accompany you personally.

Chiara & Masoud



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